



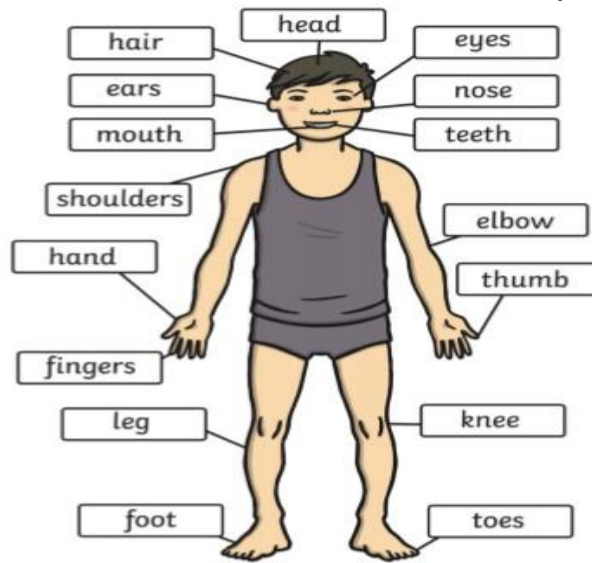
Animals including Humans








Key vocabulary to describe the features of different animals

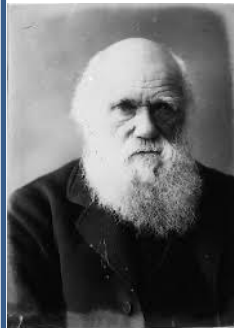
head	body
eyes	ears
mouth	teeth
leg	tail
wing	claw
fin	scales
feathers	fur
beak	paws
hooves	hair

Parts of the human body



The 5 senses

Sense	Part of the body it is linked to	
touch		fingers, hands, feet etc
sight		eyes
smell		nose
taste		tongue
hear		ears



Charles Darwin is significant mainly for his work on the theory of evolution, which is the idea that all different species have evolved from simple forms: including the theory that humans evolved from apes. This theory has been supported by evidence collected from scientists for over 150 years!

NPA Knowledge Organiser: Year Year 1 Science - Summer term

Carnivore, Herbivore or Omnivore?

Carnivores

These are animals that eat other animals.



Herbivores

These are animals that only eat plants.



Omnivores

These are animals that eat plants and other animals.



By the end of this unit, You will be able to:

- Identify, describe, compare and name a variety of common animals including fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals (including pets)
- Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores
- Identify, name, draw and label the basic parts of the human body and say which part of the body is associated with each sense.

Fish

goldfish



shark



cod



salmon



Reptiles

snake



lizard



crocodile



Birds

robin



sparrow



owl



woodpecker



Amphibians

frog



toad



newt



Mammals

cat



horse



dog



sheep

